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Roll No. -/8/15/20

BLM-110-N

September 2018

B. A. LL. B. (5 Y. D. C.) First Year Second Semester Examination

ENGLISH - II

Paper I

Time 3 Hours

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Max. Marks 80

[Min. Marks 32

Note: Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks. The blind candidates will be given 60 minutes extra time.

- 1. (a) Explain any four of the following legal terms in English:
 - (i) Attornment
- (ii) Ceritorari
- (iii) Forfeit
- (iv) Libel

- (v) Ratification (vi) Tampering
- (vii) M.
- (b) Explain any four of the following Latin Maxims in English:
 - (i) Factum valet
- (ii) Doli in capax
- (iii) Suo motu

- (iv) Sine die
- (v) Modus vivendi
- (vi) I bid.
- (c) Substitute a single word against any four of the following:
 - A bride's outfit.
 - (ii) Government by department of state.
 - (iii) One who dies for a noble cause.
 - (iv) One who devotes his service or wealth for the love of mankind.
 - (v) A place for housing aeroplanes.
 - (vi) A hater of marriage.
- (d) Distinguish between the following pairs of words in sentences of your own: (any four)
 - (i) Prescribe and Proscribe
- (ii) Apathy and Empathy -
- (iii) Bale and Bail
- (iv) Degree and Decree
- (v) Differ and Defer
- (vi) Gaol and Goal.

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Since July 1999, the Government of India has effectively put the liberalisation policy into practice. The drastic steps even include some administrative reforms for pruning the Government agencies. Last year japanese business circles represented by the Shikawa mission called attention of their Indian counter parts to what they considered to be the major impediments in India. However, thanks to the almost revolutionary reforms put into effect by the Indian Government, these impediments either have been removed or now are on their way out. This development gives a new hope for the future of economic co-operation between two countries. At the same time, it should be borne in mind that there is a stiff competition with other countries, notably, China and South-East Asian countries, in this regard. The success stories of ASEAN countries welcoming Japanese investments with adequate infrastructure are already known in India but it may be useful if further studies of Japanese joint ventures in ASEAN countries be made by Indian business circles. The coastal areas of China have initiated a very active campaign to welcome foreign economic participation.

Questions:

- (1) What was the Indian Government's reaction to the hurdles in the way of bilateral trade between India and Japan ?
- (2) What drast steps were taken by the Indian Government to implement its liberalisation
- (3) Which mission represented the Japanese business circles?
- (4) Give the synonyms of the following words:
 - (i) Drastic
- (ii) Pruning.
- (5) Which are countries from which Indian faces stiff competition?

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P. T. O.

	i :	4	DIMI-110-11	J
2.	(a) Studer (b) Social (c) "Justic (d) Intern	nsay on any one of the following: nt Participation in Legal Aid Programme. Responsibility of Lawyers. ce Delayed in Justice Denied". ct / Social Media — Uses and Misuse.	12	2
A.	Write a lett	ter to your friend staying in the U.S. about India's "Swatch Bhar OR er to the edition of "The TImes of India", drawing the attention on th onsibility of a voter.		2
5	by virtue of York or Ca which below In its sis subject to used. Citize responsibility	nto Hindi: itizen' literally means a resident of a city or a person who enjoys certs f his residence in a city. Thus when we speak of the citizens of leutta, we mean those persons who live in there cities or exercing to them in this capacity. wider sense, the word 'citizen' stands for a person who resides in to it in all matters, and it is in this wider sense that the word enship may, therefore, be understood to mean the rights, privilege ties of a person who belongs to that state. The greatest right of on of his life and property by law. http://www.davvonline.com	a state and in generally s, dutios and	2
6°.	Do as direct (a) Fill in (i) (ii) Th (iii) Do (iv) It		4	1
	(ii) Th (iii) Wo (iv) HE (v) Sh	the blanks with suitable prepositions: (any four) e windows haven't been cleaned		4
1	(i) Th (ii) It (iii) You (iv) Sho (v) Tho	e the following sentences any four using 'too' or 'enough': e coffee is not strong. It won't keep us awake. was very far. I could not see it. u spoke very slowly. All could understand you. e is very weak. She cannot pass the exam. ey walked very fast. They reached in time.		4
4	five) fi) It v fii) Joa Gif) The (iv) The (v) Cou (vi) We (vii) The	was very kind of		6

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