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## June 2012

## Bachelor of Computer Application (BCA) Examination VI Semester

## Computer Oriented Numerical Methods

Time: 3 Hours]

[ Max. Marks: 50

Note: Solve any two parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks

- (a) Find cube root of 12 upto four places of decimal by Newton-Raphson method.
  - (b) Find real root of equation  $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$  by False Position method.
  - (c) Write an algorithm for bisection method.
- (a) Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Jordan's method:

$$x + 2y + z = 8$$
  
 $2x + 3y + 4z = 20$ 

$$4x + 3y + 2z = 16$$

- (b) What is Pivoting? Explain with suitable example.
- (c) Write an algorithm for Pivotal condensation.
- (a) What do you mean by forward, backward and divided difference operator? Prove that:

(i) 
$$\mathsf{E} \nabla = \nabla \mathsf{E}$$

(ii) 
$$(1 + \Delta) (1 - \Delta) = 1$$
.

(b) Using Newton's forward interpolation formula find the value of f (1.6) if:

X

1

5

7

9 12

15

У

10

15

12

21

- (c) Describe various curve fitting methods.
- (a) What is general quadrature formula? Derive it, then derive Trapezoidal Rule.
  - (b) Evaluate ∫<sub>9</sub> e<sup>x</sup> dx by Simpson's 1/3rd rule. Given that:

$$e^1 = 2.72$$
,  $e^2 = 7.39$ ,  $e^3 = 20.09$ ,  $e^4 = 54.60$ .

(c) Describe Simpson's 3/8 Rule for integration.

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- 5. (a) Using Runge-Kutta fourth order, solve for y (0.1), y (0.2) and y (0.3) given that  $y^1 = xy + y^2$ , y(0) = 1.
  - (b) Use Picard's method to approximate y when x = 0.2 given that y = 1 when x = 0,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x y$ .
  - (c) Find the solution to  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 t^2$ , y(1) = 0 at t = 2 by the modified Euler method using step size = 0.1.